

STATE NEWS.

INJURED.—Miss Eleanor Jones, daughter of J. W. Jones, of Naphers, sustained

Gov. BRAGG.—A Johnston county correspondent of the Raleigh *Sentinel* recommends Ex-Gov. Thos. Bragg for U. S. Senator. A solid recommendation.

BEAUFORT.—This delightful summer resort is well attended this season. Miss —, of Newbern and Miss L—, of Raleigh, are the reigning belles. Each is the centre of a circle of admirers and holds

GRAND RECEPTION.—Great preparations being made in Raleigh to give the prisoners released by order of Judge Brooks, a Grand Reception on Monday night. Capt. J. Q. DeCarteret is Marshal, G. H. Garter, Flag Bearer, and Chas. Veddon, Bearer of Device. There is a long list of Assistant Marshals, and the following

W. B. McFarquhar, Hon. John L. Rogers,
 " A. A. Graham, " R. B. Gilliam,
 " W. H. Battle, " M. Waddell,
 " J. M. Leach, " Maj. Seaton Jones,
 " B. F. Moore, " H. W. M. Shippy,
 " Jos. J. Davis, " Wm. T. Dortch,
 " T. J. Leach, " Plato Durham,
 " D. G. Fowle, " A. H. Arrington,
 " K. P. Battle, " F. E. Shober,
 " Abram Rencher, " J. C. Harper.

THE HEBEAS CORPUS CASES.—The Governor having graciously made up his mind not to allow the execution of the law in North Carolina, which determination was, per-

aps, somewhat accelerated by Judge Brooks and his writs of habeas corpus, the prisoners for whom writs were issued by Chief Justice Pearson, some four or five weeks ago, (those, it will be remembered, clerk declared had "played out," were delivered here yesterday by the military authorities.

Judge Pearson having been notified by the Governor that he might resume the exercise of his official duties, ordered F. M. Wiloy, of Caswell, before him for examination.

L. P. Olds, Attorney General, appeared for the Executive, and Messrs. F. B. A. P.

to Battle, Watts and Winstead, for the prisoners' counsel except Gen. M. W. Ransom, who arrived this morning, were in Salisbury, where it was supposed all the prisoners would be taken.

Counsel for the prisoners, through Battle, Esq., then submitted an application to His Honor:

JOHN B. M. PEARSON, [At Chambers, Chief Justice, &c.,] Aug. 19, 1870.

In the matter of the several petitions of John Cox, Samuel F. Hill, N. E. Loan, Robert Loan, and others, for writs of habeas corpus, your Honor having stated in the subjoined

led in the several cases bearing date Aug. 2nd, 1855, that your power was exhausted and the said writs were not renewed. The said writs were themselves without remedy from the Judiciary of our State, having obtained writs of *habeas corpus* from Hon. George W. Brooks, Judge of the District Court of the United States for the District of North Carolina, returnable before him at Chambers in Salisbury this day, as counsel for me said procees, and on behalf of our associate counsel, the said writs were renewed for the said prisoners, respectively to wit: the said *habeas corpus*, and we do hereby abandon further proceedings under the writs, in their several cases. W. BARTLE & SONS,
Attorneys at Law,
Counsel for the said prisoners.

The case was then continued until to-morrow morning. Mr. Wiley, in the mean-

This morning at 10 o'clock the case again came up before his Honor, the Chief Justice, when he delivered his decision that the motion of counsel yesterday, to withdraw the application for the writs was allowed.

The Attorney General then renewed a motion made by him yesterday, to proceed to the examination of the prisoner, on a charge of the murder of John W. Stephens, upon a bench warrant issued by the Chief Justice yesterday.

The question of surrendering the prisoner to Judge Brooks on the writs issued by him was argued at some length by Messrs. F. P. and E. H. Wilson, in favor, and by Mr. Olds in opposition. We would be glad to give an outline of the arguments, but want of space forbids.

At the conclusion, Chief Justice Pearson read his decision as follows :

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, }
AT CHAMBERS, August 19, 1870. }

1870 vs. F. A. Wiley.

The motion on the part of the prisoner to *enlarge or release* is allowed. The proceeding has taken a turn for which my experience and the labor of the learned counsel fur-

to no precedent. The "common sense" view of the question, I can see no reason why the prisoner, if so advised, should not be allowed to withdraw his application.

But the Attorney General, anticipating the course that would be taken on the part of the prisoner, had applied for and obtained a bench warrant. This cuts off all collateral questions and reduces the matter to this, if probable cause can be shown for the arrest of the prisoner, shall commit the prisoner for trial in the absence of law; if probable cause be not shown, I shall discharge him.

I know it is necessary, but from what I see in the newspapers, I think it proper to say to them upon this investigation of the question of probable cause" with a single eye to truth and

S. It was at by Mr. Battle of counsel for the prisoner, that upon information I was obliged to take notice of the fact that the prisoner had made application to His Honor, Judge Brooke, for a writ of Habeas Corpus, and that His Honor had granted that writ. That is true, but I am so far from admitting that His Honor has no jurisdiction to pass upon a charge of murder, and to discharge prisoners upon a charge of murder, that I think that I make the responsibility of proceeding to issue such a warrant without fear of any conflict of jurisdiction. The prisoner is now out of the hands of the military and in the hands of the civil authority, and will be dealt with according to law.

Now we have plain sailing; if there be "probabilities" against the prisoner, let the State

No more need be said about the manner in which the military was organized, or a travesty of the fact declared by his Excellency, that the county of Caswell was in a state of insurrection.

The case of Mr. Wiley was then postponed until Monday morning at 9 o'clock, to give time to procure witnesses, for whom subpoenas were issued, and a recess taken until 3 o'clock, P. M.—*Raleigh Sentinel*.

The French postoffice will forward, free, to the troops during the war, letters and sums not exceeding fifty francs.

A Trow pauper got so tired of being a

turned to the county and a sufferer from the heat, that he cut his throat.

DIED.

On the morning of the 11th of August, 1870, near Fort Valley, Georgia, in the 81st year of his age, Dr. **ERZIEL HALL**, a native of North Carolina, and for many years a resident of Crawford county, Ga.

"The days of our age are three score years and ten; and though men be so stricken, yet it is their will that they may live for four score years, yet it is their lot when labor and sorrow, so soon to pass away, and we are gone."